

Turkish Journal of Anaesthesiology & Reanimation

Contact Dermatitis with a Nylon Non-Invasive Blood Pressure Cuff after Elective Surgery

Vijay Adabala 🕑, Nishith Govil 🕩

Department of Anaesthesiology, All India Institute of Medical Sciences (AIIMS), Rishikesh, India

Cite this article as: Adabala V, Govil N. Contact Dermatitis with a Nylon Non-Invasive Blood Pressure Cuff after Elective Surgery. Turk J Anaesthesiol Reanim 2019; 47(5): 426.

A 62-year-old asthmatic female patient underwent staging laparotomy for carcinoma endometrium under general anaesthesia. In the post-anaesthesia care unit, a blood pressure cuff (Mindray BeneView T5, Shenzhen Mindray, China) made of nylon was applied. After removing the cuff, multiple vesicles filled with turbid fluid present on an ill-defined erythematous plaque on her upper arm (Figure 1) were observed, for which dermatology consultation was performed, and she was diagnosed with contact dermatitis.

Contact dermatitis is an inflammatory skin condition that can be caused by cutaneous interaction with chemical, biological or physical agents. Risk factors include extrinsic factors such as occupational exposure and intrinsic factors such as Asian skin, female sex, older age and history of atopic dermatitis. Park et al. (1) reported a similar case in which the patient eventually recovered following treatment with antihistamines and topical steroid cream. Milanesi et al. (2) also described a similar condition where they reported that the allergen was N-isopropyl-N-phenyl-p-phenylenediamine. Allergic reactions can occur with routinely used equipment and materials during the peri-operative period. Special precaution should be maintained in patients with a history of allergic reactions or asthma. Treatment options for this condition include topical steroids, antihistamines and oral steroids. Patients can be tested for specific allergens using the skin patch test.

Informed Consent: Written informed consent was obtained from patient in this case.

Peer-review: Externally peer-reviewed.

Author Contributions: Writing Manuscript -V.A.; Critical Review - N.G.

Conflict of Interest: The authors have no conflicts of interest to declare.

Financial Disclosure: The authors declared that this study has received no financial support.

References

- BW Park, Chung JW, Hyon MS, Han DC. Contact dermatitis caused by ambulatory blood pressure monitoring. Korean J Intern Med 2013; 28: 120. [CrossRef]
- Milanesi N, Francalanci S, Gola M, Ieri F, Alessandri S, Romani A. Allergic contact dermatitis caused by a blood pressure cuff. J Am Acad Dermatol 2013; 69: e301-2.
 [CrossRef]



Figure 1. Multiple vesicles filled with turbid fluid present on an ill-defined erythematous plaque